

# Safety, Health and Environment (SHE)

## GCC COVID-19 RISK ASSESSMENT PROCESS FOR SCHOOLS (FROM 17 MAY 2021)



This is an update of the GCC COVID-19 Risk Assessment to support schools and educational settings in Step 3 of the Government Roadmap from 17 May 2021. The aim of the risk assessment is to implement protective measures in government's operational guidance to minimise the risk of transmission COVID-19 in schools.

This update is to reflect the changes in the operational guidance to help schools review and where necessary update their risk assessment. Any changes to the previous version have been highlighted.

### **COVID-19 Risk Assessment for Schools & Educational Settings**

#### **ASSESS**

Decide appropriate control measures for managers and employees to implement under a 'Plan', 'Do', 'Review' cycle.

\*The preventative measures in this risk assessment are not mandatory but are provided as guidance on reducing the risk of transmission and comply with DfE/PHE 'system of control' requirements. Each school/setting must consider their own situation and adapt the assessment by editing the measures where appropriate. Remove any measures that are not relevant or will not be applied in your setting and add any additional local measures that you are implementing. This format does not have to be used but your local risk assessment must be suitable and sufficient.

Who may be at risk: Employees, pupils and young people, families (parents, carers and siblings), visitors, contractors, members of public. Vulnerable groups: Where schools apply the full measures in this guidance the risks to all staff will be mitigated significantly, including those who are extremely clinically vulnerable and clinically vulnerable. Some people with particular characteristics may be at comparatively increased risk from COVID-19 (due to age, deprivation, ethnicity, pregnancy, etc.) but these measures will adequately reduce the risks to them also.

	PLA		egnaner, etc., sat thes	REVIEW		
Prepare Building, Prepare Employees, timetables and lessons, policies and procedures other site users		Control Access and Visitors	Minimise contacts and social distancing	Infection Control Measures	Communicate and Review Arrangements	
1	Buildings  Ensure that all health and safety compliance checks continue to be undertaken (e.g. fire alarm, emergency lighting, water hygiene, lifts, etc.).  Reviewing emergency and evacuation	<ul> <li>Involve employees in plans and listen to any suggestions on preventative measures that can be taken.</li> <li>Consider personal risk factors: age, pregnancy, existing health conditions</li> </ul>	Access  Entry points to school controlled (including deliveries).  Building access rules clearly communicated through signage on entrances.	Minimising contacts and mixing between people reduces transmission of COVID-19 and the school will consider how to implement this.  'Bubbles'  Small, consistent	Minimise contact with individuals who are unwell:  Refer to PHE guidance. Anyone with COVID-19 symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, not to attend school.	<ul> <li>Consultatio         <ul> <li>n with</li> <li>employees</li> <li>and trades</li> <li>union</li> <li>Safety Reps</li> <li>on risk</li> <li>assessment</li> </ul> </li> <li>Risk</li> <li>assessment</li> <li>published</li> </ul>
	procedures (e.g. fire wardens, escape routes, roll-call, assembly areas, etc.).	and ethnicity and where necessary conduct individual risk assessments.	<ul> <li>School start times staggered so bubbles</li> </ul>	groups of pupils split into bubbles.  • Bubbles kept as small as possible.	If anyone becomes unwell at school they will be isolated, sent	on school intranet and website.

- Make provision for children who display COVID-19 symptoms/ become ill during the day to be isolated. Space should be identified in addition to the usual medical room.
- Ensure school has sufficient supplies of PPE, face coverings, cleaning materials and hand washing/sanitising liquids that meet DfE/PHE requirements.
- Provide suitable and sufficient bins to support pupils and staff to follow the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach.
- Provide sufficient tissues in all rooms.
- Consider if the school site can be split into separate zones where groups of pupils can remain to minimise mixing.

- Employees fully briefed about the plans and protective measures identified in the risk assessment.
- Regular staff briefings.
- with off-site
  workers on their
  working
  arrangements
  including their
  welfare, mental
  and physical health
  and personal
  security.
- Regular communications that those who have coronavirus symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, are not to attend school.
- Where there are appropriate sources of guidance (e.g.

- arrive at different times.
- Signs to remind parents to avoid congregating, social distancing rules etc.
- Staff on duty to monitor pupil and parent behaviour before and after school.
- Screens installed to protect employees in reception.
- Shared pens removed from reception.
- Hand sanitiser provided at all entrances.
- Bins provided on entrances to dispose of temporary face coverings.

### Visitors

• Wherever possible keep

- Class groups will be kept together in separate 'bubbles' throughout the day and do not mix with other groups.
- Where pupil numbers are lower, implement key stage bubbles.
- where class size groups are not appropriate (e.g. KS4 & KS5), look to implement year group sized bubbles.
- If the design of the school means class bubbles cannot be kept apart, split the building into 'zones' and implement zonal bubbles.
- Very small schools or APS unable to prevent mixing to adopt whole

- home and provided with information on what to do next.
- An unwell child awaiting collection will be isolated in a suitable room with or without adult supervision (depending on age and needs of the child).
- Staff caring for a child awaiting collection to keep a distance of 2 metres.
- PPE to be worn by staff caring for the child, including:
  - a face mask worn if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained.
  - if contact is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn
  - eye protection where there is a risk of fluids entering the eye,

- Nominated employees tasked to monitoring protection measures.
- Members of staff are on duty at breaks to ensure compliance with rules.
- Staff encouraged to report any non compliance.
- The effectivenes s of prevention measures will be monitored by school leaders.
- This risk assessment will be reviewed if the risk

- Create a plan of the building to mark out areas where bubbles do not mix (e.g. classrooms) and where mixing is more likely and so where distancing and other measures are required.
- Consider separate facilities be provided for meals and refreshments in different zones (e.g. pods, kiosks, cafes, separate staff rooms).
- Evaluate the capacity of rooms and shared areas.
- Consider door signs mounted to identify max number in room/ toilets at one time.
- COVID-19 posters/ signage displayed.
- In areas where queues may form, put down floor markings to indicate distancing.
- Can separate doors be used for in and out

- CLEAPSS, afPE, CILIP, etc.) Heads of Departments/ teachers should refer to curriculum specific guidance.
- Heads of Departments/ teachers to identify shared resources and how to prevent mixed contact (e.g. cleaning between bubbles or rotas for equipment use).
- Identify and plan lessons that could take place outdoors.

### Parents/pupils

- Review EHCPs where required.
- Communicate to parents on the preventative measures being taken.
- Post the risk assessment or details of measures on school website.

- meetings on a virtual platform.
- Parents/carers and visitors coming onto the site without an appointment is not to be permitted.
- Supply staff and other temporary or peripatetic staff and volunteers follow the school's arrangements for managing and minimising risk.
- Site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to all visitors on or before arrival.
- Where possible visits (e.g. service contractors) arranged

- school bubbles as part of their system of control.
- Keep a record of pupils and staff in each bubble, lesson or close contact group.
- School before and after-school clubs to keep to the bubbles used during the school day where possible.

### Minimise mixing (pupils)

- Whatever the size of the bubble, they are to be kept apart from other groups where possible.
- Groups use the same classroom or area of a setting throughout the day.
- Mixing between bubbles kept to a

- for example, from coughing, spitting or vomiting.
- Staff to wash their hands after caring for a child with symptoms.
- All areas where a person with symptoms has been to be cleaned after they have left.
- Should staff have close hands-on contact they should monitor themselves for symptoms of possible COVID-19 over the following 14 days.

#### Hand washing

- Frequent hand washing encouraged for adults and pupils (following guidance on hand cleaning).
- Sufficient handwashing facilities are available.

level changes (e.g. following local/nation al lockdown or cases or an outbreak) and in light of updated guidance.

- of the building (to avoid crossing paths).
- Identify doors that can be propped open (to limit use of door handles and aid ventilation) taking account of fire safety and safeguarding.
   Seek advice from SHE if necessary.
- Identify rooms that can be accessed directly from outside (to avoid shared use of corridors).
- Organise classrooms for maintaining space between seats and desks.
- Arrange desks for seating pupils side by side and facing forwards.
- Inspect classrooms and remove unnecessary items and furniture to make more space.
- Make arrangements with cleaners to put in place an enhanced

- Parents and pupils informed about the process that has been agreed for drop off and collection.
- Ensure parents have a point of contact for reassurance as to the plans put in place.
- Limit the equipment pupils bring into school each day to essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery and mobile phones.
- Bags are allowed.
- All pupils told to provide personal equipment (pens, pencils, rulers calculators etc.) to ensure no shared use in class.
- Parents informed only one parent to

- outside of school hours.
- A record kept of all visitors to assist NHS Test and Trace, including:
  - o the name;
  - a contact phone number;
  - date of visit;
  - arrival and departure time;
  - the name of the assigned staff member.
- NHS COVID-19
   QR Poster
   displayed for
   visitors to check
   in using the NHS
   Covid Test and
   Trace App.

### Open Days/ Parents Evenings

Where possible events will be held on a virtual

- minimum during arrival, lunchtime, breaks and departure.
- Pupil movements around the school site, either in groups or individuals is controlled to limit contact and mixing.
- Groups will stay within a specific "zone" of the site to minimise mixing.
- The number of pupils in shared spaces (e.g. halls, dining areas and internal and external sports facilities) for lunch and exercise is limited to specific bubbles.
- Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship

- Where there is no sink, hand sanitiser provided in classrooms.
- Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes used as an alternative to hand washing or sanitiser.
- Pupils to clean their hands when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating.
- Staff help is available for pupils who have trouble cleaning their hands independently (e.g. small children and pupils with complex needs).
- Use resources such as "e-bug" to teach effective hand hygiene etc.

Respiratory hygiene

cleaning schedule that includes frequent cleaning of rooms, shared areas that are used by different groups and frequently touched surfaces.

### Timetabling and lessons

- Consider staggered starts or adjusting start and finish times to keep groups apart as they arrive and leave school.
- Stagger break times and lunch times to avoid mixing and time for cleaning between groups.
- When timetabling, groups should be kept apart and movement around the school site kept to a minimum to avoid creating busy corridors, entrances and exits.

### **Policies and procedures**

- accompany child to school.
- Parents and pupils encouraged to walk or cycle where possible.
- Clear messages to pupils about minimising the use of public transport and how to reduce the risks of transmission outside of school.
- Staggered drop-off and collection times planned and communicated to parents.
- Made clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors and reminders about social distancing.
- Encourage parents to phone school and make telephone appointments if they wish to

platform to avoid gatherings in school.

### Where such events do take place:

- Arrange parent visits outside school hours.
- Measures taken to ensure the strict adherence to social distancing of 2 metres.
- Staff assisting in the event to keep social distancing at all times and wear face coverings at all times.
- The size and circumstance of the rooms/ spaces will determine the maximum number of people that can be

accommodated

- with more than one group to be avoided.
- Separate spaces for each group clearly indicated.
- Multiple groups do not use outdoor equipment simultaneously.
- Limiting the number of pupils who use the toilet facilities at one time.
- Allow pupils to have access to toilets at all times during the day to prevent queues developing at social times.
- During breakfast or after-school clubs keep children in small consistent groups.

### Minimising mixing (staff)

- Adults and pupils are encouraged not to touch their mouth, eyes and nose.
- Adults and pupils encouraged to use a tissue to cough or sneeze and use bins for tissue waste ('catch it, bin it, kill it')
- Tissues to be provided.
- Bins for tissues provided and are emptied throughout the day.

#### Ventilation

- Ventilation and AC systems working optimally.
- Heating used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained when the building is occupied.
- Keep windows open wide enough to provide some natural background ventilation and open

- Update policies to reflect changes brought about by COVID-19, including:
  - Safeguarding/chil d protection
  - o Behaviour
  - Curriculum
  - o NOTs
  - Special educational needs
  - Visitors to school
- Ensure website is compliant with regards to the publishing of policies.
- Establish a visitors' protocol so that parents, contactors, professionals working with individual children are clear about the infection control measures that you have in place.
- Governing boards and school leaders to have regard to staff (including the headteacher) worklife balance and wellbeing.

- discuss their child (to avoid face to face meetings).
- Communications to parents (and young people) includes advice on transport.

#### Others

- with contractors and suppliers that will need to prepare to support plans for full opening (e.g. cleaning, catering, food supplies, hygiene suppliers).
- Assurances that caterers comply with the guidance for food businesses on COVID-19.
- Discussion with caterers to agree arrangements for staggered lunches (e.g. seating capacity, holding hot food, cleaning

- while also facilitating social distancing. In determining the number of people that can reasonably follow 2 metres distancing the total floorspace as well as likely pinch points and busy areas needs to be taken into account (e.g. entrances, exits).
- Set a limit on the number of people that may visit (e.g. one parent/carer per child).
- Attendees
   should be pre bookings only to
   manage
   numbers and
   will help with
   the Test and
   Trace.

- The same teacher(s) and other staff are assigned to each bubble and, as far as possible, these stay the same.
- Staff that move between classes and year groups, to keep their distance from pupils and other staff.
- Supply teachers, peripatetic teachers and/or other temporary staff to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from pupils and other staff.
- Arrangements to avoid sharing staffroom and equipment.
- The occupancy of staff rooms and offices limited.

- internal doors to increase air flow.
- Open windows fully when rooms are unoccupied for longer periods to purge the air (e.g. lunch times and before and after school).
- Action taken to prevent occupants being exposed to draughts. For example, partially open high-level windows as oppose to low-level windows, close external doors and arrange the furniture if appropriate and possible.
- Use fans for good air circulation.
- Air conditioning systems that normally run with a recirculation mode set up to run on full outside air.

Information shared about the extra mental health support for pupils and teachers is available.

### Response to any infection

- Leadership understands the NHS Test and Trace process and how to contact their local Public Health England health protection team.
- Plan how to inform staff members and parents/ carers that they will need to be ready and willing to
  - book a test if they are displaying symptoms;
  - inform the school immediately of the results of a test:
  - provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with;

- between sittings, distancing and minimising contacts).
- Liaison with transport providers to cater for any changes to start and finish times and confirm protective measures during journeys.
- Communication
   with other building
   users (e.g.
   extended school
   provision,
   contractors, regular
   visitors, etc.)

### **Assisted Testing**

- Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) understood and followed.
- Testing registration arrangements made and details

- Have staggered start times to limit numbers on site or in a space at any one time and reduce the pressure at exits and entrances.
- Encourage
   attendees to
   leave promptly
   and not to hang
   around
   unnecessarily.
- Weather
   permitting,
   conduct as much
   of the event
   outside as
   possible where
   the risk of
   transmission is
   lower.
- Make use of multiple exit and entry points to introduce a oneway flow in and out, with appropriate floor markings

- Use of staff rooms to be minimised.
- Furniture in offices, PPA work rooms and staffrooms where staff may work or meet together, spaced 2 metres apart.
- Furniture that cannot be moved 2 metres apart taken out of use and removed or signs used to say do not use.
- Staff sharing rooms do not work facing each other.
- Desks moved so staff are back to back or side on, but still 2 metres apart, or if this is not possible screens used as a barrier between staff.
- Reducing use of lifts to only those

- Ventilations system that removes and recirculates air to different rooms is turned off.
- ventilation system remains on at all times, even when the building is unoccupied. The system set to operate at lower ventilation rates during evenings and weekends.
- Occupants
   encouraged to wear
   additional, suitable
   indoor clothing. (If
   they have to wear
   coats, scarves and
   other outdoor
   clothing the room
   would be considered
   too cold and the
   above steps must be
   considered).

#### Music

 Singing, wind and brass playing should not take place in

- self-isolate if necessary.
- shared with all participants.
- Adequate staff available to support testing.
- Testing staff are appropriately trained and provided with sufficient information to understand their duties and adhere to SOP.
- Written consent obtained for each participant before test is performed.
- Strict hygiene, social distancing and cleaning measures followed and reinforced.
- Procedures for participants with positive test results to be isolated and sent home.

- or signage. Any changes to entrances, exits and queues, take into account the need to make reasonable adjustments for those who need them, such as people with disabilities.
- in and out of the school carefully to reduce the risk of congestion with a socially distanced queuing systems.
- Ensure
   frequently
   touched
   surfaces cleaned
   regularly during
   the event.
- On entering and leaving everyone to

- that need to use them.
- Lifts are single occupation only (if 2 metres not achievable).

### **Distancing**

- Staff to keep 2 metres from other adults as much as possible.
- where possible staff to maintain distance from their pupils, staying at the front of the class.
- Staff to avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of anyone.
- Use a simple 'no touching' approach for young children to understand the need to maintain distance.

- larger groups such as school choirs and ensembles, or school assemblies.
- Measures to be taken when playing instruments or singing in small groups such as in music lessons include:
  - physical distancing;
  - limiting group sizes;
  - positioning pupils back-to-back or side-to-side;
  - avoiding sharing of instruments;
  - ensuring good ventilation.
- No performances with an audience.

### Cleaning

 Sanitising spray and paper towels to be provided in classrooms for use by members of staff.

and the sta	011 1111 1	<del>-</del>
wash their	Older children to	Thorough cleaning of
<mark>hands. Provide</mark>	be encouraged to	rooms at the end of
<mark>sufficient wash</mark>	keep their	the day.
<mark>stations.</mark>	distance within	Shared materials and
<ul> <li>Consider the</li> </ul>	bubbles.	surfaces to be
<mark>mandatory</mark>		cleaned frequently
wearing of face	Minimising contact	(e.g. toys, books,
coverings.	<ul> <li>Doors propped</li> </ul>	desks, chairs, doors,
<ul><li>Toilets kept</li></ul>	open, where safe	sinks, toilets, light
<mark>open and</mark>	to do so to limit	switches, handrails,
carefully carefully	use of door	etc.).
<mark>managed e.g.</mark>	handles. Ensure	Resources that are
<mark>avoid</mark>	closed when	shared between
overcrowding,	premises	bubbles (e.g. sports,
<mark>ensure</mark>	unoccupied.	art and science
distancing,	<ul> <li>Taking books and</li> </ul>	equipment) to be
regular cleaning.	other shared	cleaned frequently
<ul> <li>To support Test</li> </ul>	resources home	and meticulously and
and Trace a	limited, although	always between
temporary <b>temporary</b>	unnecessary	bubbles.
record of	sharing avoided.	Outdoor equipment
attendees to be	Staff and pupils to	appropriately
kept for 21 days,	have their own	cleaned frequently.
in a way that is	individual and	Toilets to be cleaned
manageable.	very frequently	regularly.
This will include	used equipment,	Hand sanitiser
name and	such as pencils	provided for the
contact number.	and pens.	operation of lifts.
<ul> <li>Car parking to</li> </ul>		Staff providing close
be managed to	PE and School Sport	hands-on contact
help people	Pupils kept in	with pupils need to
socially distance.	same consistent	increase their level
,	1	

 Evacuation procedures reviewed, particularly if normal fire exits are changed or inaccessible.

### Events with an audience

- separate in their bubbles where possible. This will mean groups do not mix and will help limit the attendance size.
- Limit numbers
   (e.g. 1
   parent/carer)
   and manage
   capacity to allow
   for social
   distancing.
- Keep records of all attendees for track and trace purposes.
- Where weather and facilities

- bubbles where possible during PE and sport.
- Sports equipment thoroughly cleaned between each use.
- Outdoor sports should be prioritised where possible.
- Large indoor spaces used where it is not.
- Adequate ventilation through opening windows and doors or using air conditioning systems.
- Sporting activities delivered by external coaches, clubs and organisations will only go ahead if they can satisfy the above requirements.
- Staff fully aware of COVID-19

of self-protection, such as minimising close contact and having more frequent handwashing and other hygiene measures, and regular cleaning of surfaces.

#### PPE

The majority of staff in education settings will not require PPE beyond what they would normally need for their work. PPE is only needed in a very small number of cases, including:

- where an individual child or young person becomes ill with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms while at schools, and only then if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained.
- where a child or young person already has routine

allow, conduct guidance issued intimate care needs activities outside by the relevant that involves the use if possible where sports governing of PPE, in which case the risk of bodies for team the same PPE should continue to be used. transmission is sports and the lower. required actions for each sport. PPE for protection For events, arrange seating Competition against COVID-19 will in line with between different include: social distancing schools takes fluid-resistant guidance. Social place following surgical face masks distancing guidance and the (Type IIR); should be **COVID-secure** disposable gloves; maintained at disposable plastic measures issued 2m as far as by relevant sports aprons; eve protection (for possible, but this governing bodies. example a face visor can be reduced **Including** to a minimum of participants not or goggles). 1m where 2m is mixing other than Face coverings unviable, and when involved in Face coverings to be where other competitive mitigations are matches. worn by staff or in place (such as visitors (unless face coverings or Sports Days exempt), outside outdoor events). Allow sufficient classrooms and Social distancing time and planning when moving around should always to ensure the the premises. be observed sports day events, A supply of face side-to-side and layout, equipment coverings will be be applied noseetc. can be available for to-nose i.e. anybody that does adapted to maintaining 1m not have one due to

	between seats in		<mark>implement</mark>		having forgotten it or
	front and		<mark>measures.</mark>		it has become soiled
	behind.	•	Pupils should		or unsafe.
•	No one should		remain in their	•	Cleaning of hands
	attend events if		class 'bubble' for		before and after
	they are		as much of the		removing or putting
	required to self-		<mark>sports day event</mark>		on face covering.
	isolate, either		<mark>as possible.</mark>	•	Face coverings
	because they	•	Pupils should		placed in sealable
	<mark>have</mark>		avoid mixing and		plastic bags between
	<mark>coronavirus</mark>		keep to social		<mark>use.</mark>
	<mark>symptoms or</mark>		distancing when	•	Face visors or shields
	<mark>live with</mark>		<mark>not actively</mark>		only used after
	<mark>someone who</mark>		participating in a		assessing the specific
	does, has tested		<mark>race or event.</mark>		situation in addition
	<mark>positive or been</mark>	•	It would be		to a face covering_
	<mark>in close contact</mark>		<mark>recommended</mark>		<mark>and not to be worn</mark>
	with someone		<mark>that 'bubbles' are</mark>		<mark>as an alternative to</mark>
	else who has		allocated a zone		face coverings.
	tested positive.		<mark>in which they</mark>		
	Parents/carers		<mark>remain. The</mark>	Firs	st Aid
	<mark>must be</mark>		<mark>zones should</mark>	•	Check if
	<mark>informed of this</mark>		<mark>allow each bubble</mark>		qualifications run
	<mark>prior to the</mark>		<mark>to keep safe</mark>		out. Consider
	<mark>event.</mark>		<mark>distance for</mark>		enrolling more staff
•	Turn people		<mark>another (at least 1</mark>		on training.
	with coronavirus		<mark>metre</mark>	•	Employees providing
	<mark>symptoms away.</mark>		separation).		first aid to pupils will
•	Manage the	•	<mark>If participants are</mark>		not be expected to
	scheduling so_		handling sports		maintain 2 metres
	that attendees		<mark>equipment, it</mark>		distance. The
	for different		would be		

groups are not	recommended recommended	following measures
entering and	that each bubble	will be adopted:
leaving at the	has its own	<ul><li>washing hands or</li></ul>
same time and	equipment that is	using hand
to allow for	not shared with	sanitiser, before
<mark>adequate</mark>	other bubbles.	and after treating
cleaning.	<ul> <li>Provide sanitisers</li> </ul>	injured person;
• Ask	so pupils can	o wear gloves or
parents/carers	sanitise their	cover hands
to wear face	hands between	when dealing
coverings.	events to limit the	with open
<ul><li>Provide</li></ul>	risk of fomite	wounds;
adequate	transmission.	o if CPR is required
ventilation –	<ul> <li>Sanitise</li> </ul>	on an adult,
either natural	equipment	attempt
ventilation ventilation	<mark>between each</mark>	compression only
(opening	<mark>use.</mark>	CPR and early
windows, doors	<ul> <li>Water bottles or</li> </ul>	defibrillation
and vents),	other	until the
<mark>mechanical</mark>	refreshment	ambulance
ventilation (fans	containers should	arrives;
and ducts)	not be shared.	<ul><li>if CPR is required</li></ul>
where installed,	<ul> <li>Injuries should be</li> </ul>	on a child, use a
<mark>or a</mark>	treated following	resuscitation face
combination of	the existing first	shield if available
<mark>both.</mark>	aid protocols for	to perform
• Limit	schools.	mouth-to-mouth
parent/carer		ventilation in
contact with the	<b>Educational Visits</b>	asphyxial arrest.
performers,	<ul> <li>All educational</li> </ul>	<ul><li>dispose of all</li></ul>
school staff and	visits and off-site	waste safely.
	activities to be	

1					 
	<mark>other children to</mark>		<mark>appropriately risk</mark>		
	prevent mixing.		assessed by visit		
•	Parents/carers		leaders to include		
	should be		COVID measures.		
	encouraged to	•	Visit leaders to		
	leave promptly		liaise with activity		
	and discourage		providers, venues,		
	photographs		transport		
	with performers.		operators etc. to		
•	Make use of		ensure COVID-		
	multiple exit and		secure measures		
	entry points to		in place.		
	introduce a one-		Contingency plans		
	way flow in and		agreed		
	out.		beforehand		
•	Maintain the		should anyone on		
	enhanced		the visit have		
	cleaning and		COVID symptoms,		
	ensure the		including isolation		
	premises are		and		
	cleaned before		collection/return		
	and after		home.		
	performances.		nome.		